



# Utah Labor Market Report

May 2002, Volume 12, Number 4

## Current Indicators

Utah's unemployment rate jumped from February's revised 5.5 percent to 5.9 percent in March 2002. This matches the revised December 2001 figure. The last time Utah's unemployment rate was this high was in 1987. Layoffs continue to swell the ranks of the unemployed. In fact, the tally of claimants for state unemployment compensation made a very unusual increase from February to March. This phenomenon may be linked to layoffs of temporary workers associated with the Olympic Winter Games. Approximately 69,000 Utahns were unemployed in March 2002, a 53-percent jump from the 45,100 in March 2001, when the rate was 4.0 percent.

Utah's other primary indicator of current labor market conditions, the year-over change in the number of nonfarm wage and salaried jobs, showed a loss of 1.1 percent, or 12,100 jobs, for March 2002. This indicator plummeted during 2001, dropping from 2.4 percent growth for January 2001 to a 1.3-percent loss for December 2001. Temporary hiring for the Olympic Games moderated the losses in January and February; a clearer picture of the impact of the recession is reflected in the March data. The last time Utah suffered year-over job losses was in 1982.

For the United States, the March 2002 unemployment rate, at 5.7 percent, is up two-tenths of a point from February's figure. But it is still slightly below December's 5.8 percent. In both December 2001 and March 2002, Utah's unemployment rate is higher than the respective U.S. rate. The last time this crossover occurred was in 1987. The 1.0-percent year-over drop in the U.S. nonfarm jobs total continues to reflect the nation's economic slow-

down. The last time the U.S. lost jobs year-over was in 1992. One positive observation from the U.S. jobs data is that the seasonally adjusted monthly total employment increased by 58,000, the first month-over gain since July 2001.

Utah's total nonfarm employment can be disaggregated into two categories: private (non-government) and public. From March 2001 to March 2002, the private sector has seen a net loss of 14,400 jobs (1.6 percent). This was partially offset by a gain of 2,400 government jobs.

## Industry-by-Industry

The long-anticipated drop in construction employment is underway. After a surprisingly active autumn in which the monthly employment exceeded year-ago levels, the losses began in December 2001. March 2002 had 5,600 fewer construction jobs than in March 2001, a loss of 8.5 percent.

The temporary employment flurry associated with the Olympic Winter Games had moderated by March. Utah's services division, the focal point of much of this activity, had year-over net job growth of 5,100 (1.6 percent), which still reflects some Games-related jobs. The recession-based downturn in business services, which began about a year ago, has ended. It cost Utah about 4,000 jobs; recovery will be gradual at best. The less-volatile services, such as medical, educational, and legal, are making moderate employment gains.

The finance/insurance/real estate industry group shows net growth of only 200 jobs. Depository institutions' 200-job loss is offset by modest expansion in the remainder of the division.

The recession in Utah's manufacturing division persists: a year-over loss of 8,400 jobs (6.5 percent) tells the story. Hardest-hit are primary metals (steel and copper), fabricated metals/machinery/computers, and transportation equipment, which show an aggregated year-over loss of 5,500 jobs. This division's performance is similar to the U.S. manufacturing division's loss of 7.0 percent of its jobs March-to-March.

Most industries in Utah's trade division (wholesale plus retail) are showing year-over employment losses; the division has 3,300 fewer jobs (1.3 percent) than a year-ago. Only motor-vehicle-related businesses, in aggregate, have seen growth.

Employment cutbacks in the various land transportation industries, in communications, and in the electric, gas, and sanitary-services group have cumulated to a

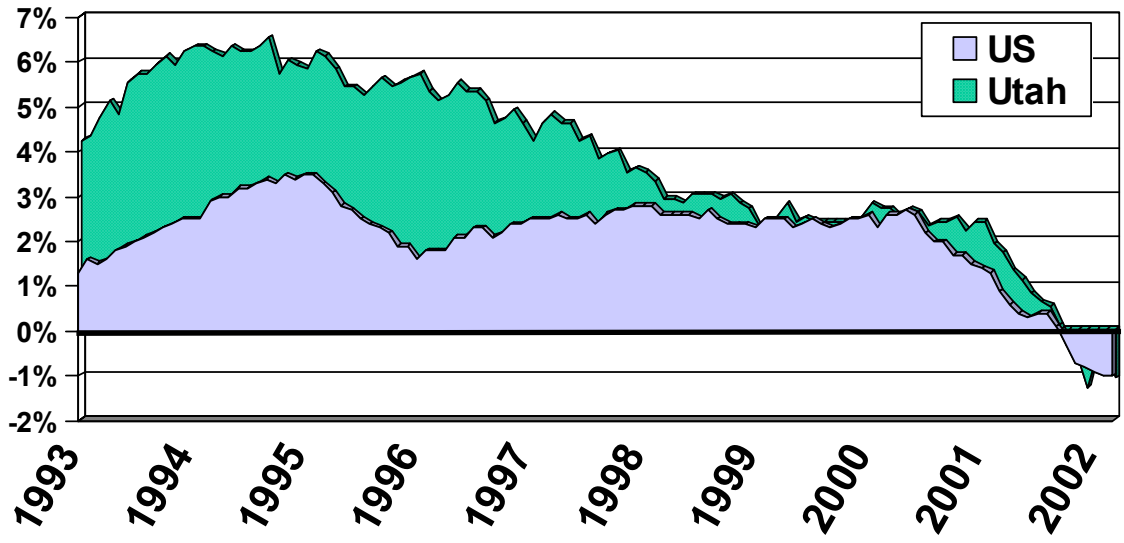
2,100-job, 3.5-percent deficit over the past twelve 12 months. Air transportation's 400-job gain is the only bright spot.

Employment in mining has fallen by 300 jobs from the March 2001 level. "Other mining and quarrying" (largely oil and gas extraction) added 200 jobs, but metal mining and coal mining lost 400 and 100 jobs respectively. This division's current 7,500 employment total, an all-time low, is only a fraction of its 20,300 peak achieved in 1981.

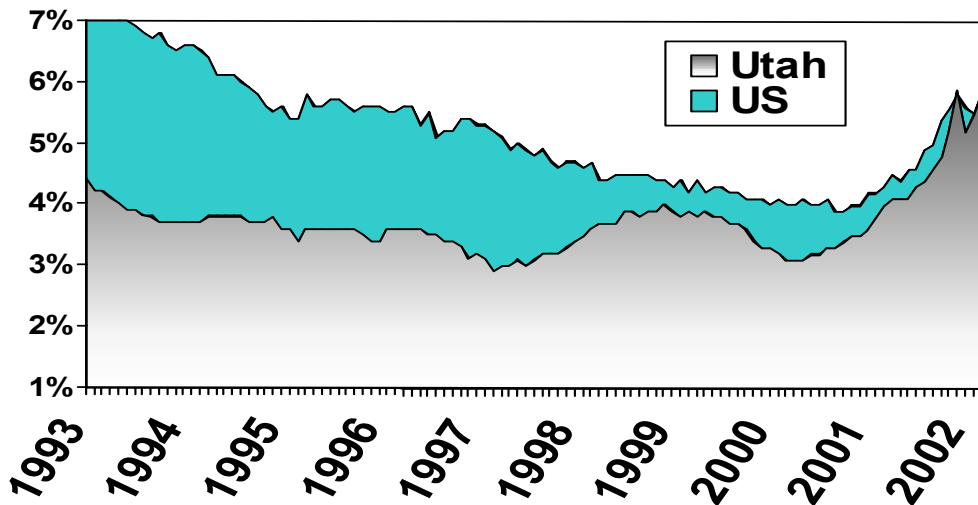
Government employers in Utah have 2,400 more staff than a year ago, an increase of 1.3 percent. The federal government's 1.8-percent, 600-job expansion is largely due to increases at defense installations. The state government budget woes are already impacting state employment—higher education made small year-over gains, while other state agencies lost 900 jobs. A net loss of nearly a percentage point is the result. Local government maintained its moderate growth pace by adding 2,300 jobs, a 2.3-percent expansion weighted toward non-education activities.

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# Year-over Percent Change in Nonfarm Jobs



# Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates

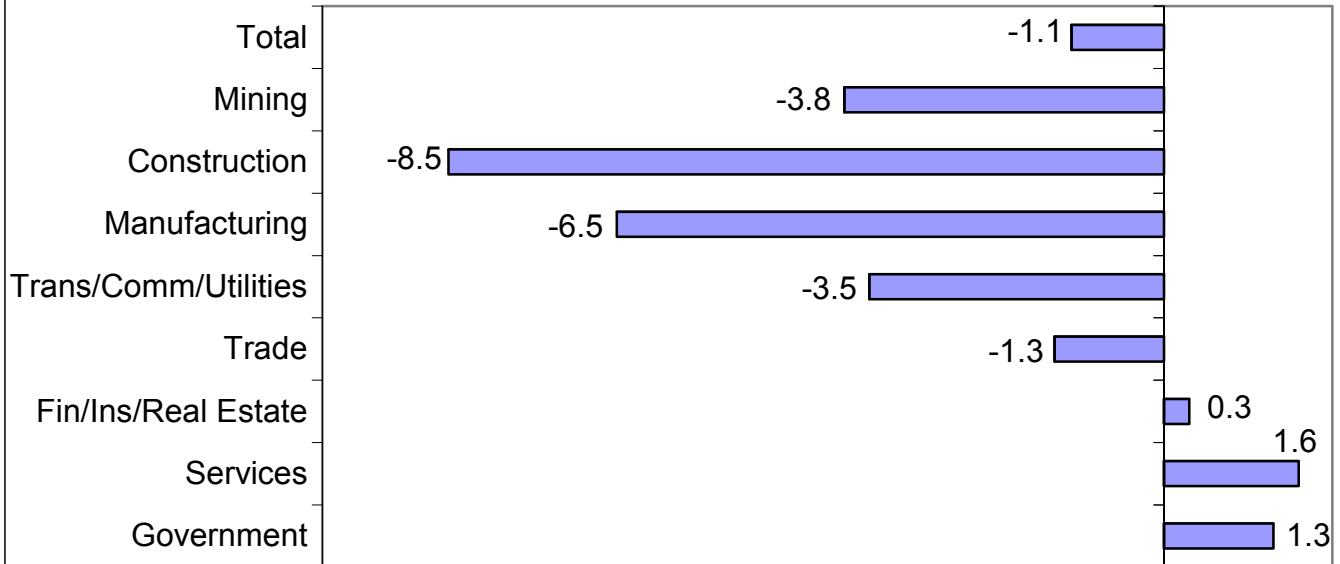


## Utah Nonagricultural Jobs by Industry and Components of the Labor Force

Numbers are in thousands and are <u>not seasonally adjusted.</u>	March <u>2002</u>	March <u>2001</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>	February <u>2002</u>	February <u>2001</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>
<b>CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE</b>	<b>1,144.0</b>	<b>1,098.6</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>1,143.6</b>	<b>1,100.2</b>	<b>3.9</b>
Employed	1,074.6	1,053.3	2.0	1,075.9	1,055.8	1.9
Unemployed	69.4	45.3	53.2	67.7	44.4	52.5
Unemployment Rate	6.1	4.1		5.9	4.0	
<b>NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT</b>	<b>1,067.6</b>	<b>1,079.6</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>1,068.3</b>	<b>1,072.8</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
<b>Mining</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>-3.8</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>-1.3</b>
Metal Mining	1.8	2.2	-18.2	1.8	2.2	-18.2
Bituminous Coal Mining	1.4	1.5	-6.7	1.4	1.5	-6.7
Other Mining	4.3	4.1	4.9	4.4	4.0	10.0
<b>Construction</b>	<b>60.4</b>	<b>66.0</b>	<b>-8.5</b>	<b>59.2</b>	<b>64.5</b>	<b>-8.2</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>120.7</b>	<b>129.1</b>	<b>-6.5</b>	<b>121.0</b>	<b>129.1</b>	<b>-6.3</b>
Durable Goods	79.9	86.0	-7.1	79.9	86.0	-7.1
Primary Metals	4.4	5.8	-24.1	4.4	5.8	-24.1
Fabricated Metals, Machinery, & Computers	19.2	21.7	-11.5	19.1	21.7	-12.0
Electrical/Electric Equipment (ex. Computers)	8.4	9.1	-7.7	8.4	9.2	-8.7
Transportation Equipment	13.0	14.6	-11.0	13.0	14.6	-11.0
Other Durable Goods	34.9	34.8	0.3	35.0	34.7	0.9
Non-durable Goods	40.8	43.1	-5.3	41.1	43.1	-4.6
Food & Kindred Products	12.6	12.6	0.0	12.6	12.6	0.0
Other Non-durable Goods	28.2	30.5	-7.5	28.5	30.5	-6.6
<b>Transportation, Communication, &amp; Utilities</b>	<b>58.6</b>	<b>60.7</b>	<b>-3.5</b>	<b>58.8</b>	<b>60.5</b>	<b>-2.8</b>
Railroad Transportation	1.8	1.9	-5.3	1.8	1.9	-5.3
Trucking & Warehouse	19.3	20.9	-7.7	19.7	20.7	-4.8
Transportation by Air	15.3	14.9	2.7	15.1	14.9	1.3
Other Transportation & Related Services	5.2	5.4	-3.7	5.1	5.3	-3.8
Communications	10.2	10.7	-4.7	10.4	10.8	-3.7
Electricity, Gas, & Sanitary Services	6.8	6.9	-1.4	6.7	6.9	-2.9
<b>Trade</b>	<b>245.7</b>	<b>249.0</b>	<b>-1.3</b>	<b>245.7</b>	<b>246.9</b>	<b>-0.5</b>
<b>Wholesale Trade</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>51.1</b>	<b>-2.2</b>	<b>50.1</b>	<b>50.9</b>	<b>-1.6</b>
<b>Retail Trade</b>	<b>195.7</b>	<b>197.9</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>195.6</b>	<b>196.0</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
Food Stores	29.5	30.9	-4.5	29.5	30.9	-4.5
Auto Dealers/Parts Stores, & Gas Stations	23.8	22.4	6.3	24.0	22.4	7.1
Eating & Drinking Places	65.9	65.5	0.6	66.1	63.8	3.6
Home Furniture/Equipment & Clothing Stores	19.3	19.8	-2.5	19.3	19.8	-2.5
Gen. Merchandise, Building & Garden Supply	31.4	33.2	-5.4	31.0	32.7	-5.2
Miscellaneous Retail	25.8	26.1	-1.1	25.7	26.4	-2.7
<b>Finance, Insurance, &amp; Real Estate</b>	<b>59.6</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>60.0</b>	<b>59.2</b>	<b>1.4</b>
Depository Institutions	17.0	17.2	-1.2	17.2	17.2	0.0
Other Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	42.6	42.2	0.9	42.8	42.0	1.9
<b>Services</b>	<b>320.7</b>	<b>315.6</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>321.7</b>	<b>313.0</b>	<b>2.8</b>
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	18.8	18.9	-0.5	19.1	18.2	4.9
Personal, Entertainment & Recreational	38.9	34.6	12.4	38.4	34.1	12.6
Computer-Related Business Services	25.6	29.4	-12.9	25.5	29.7	-14.1
Other Business Services	58.4	58.3	0.2	60.0	58.3	2.9
Auto Repair/Rental/Parking	11.1	11.3	-1.8	11.4	11.2	1.8
Health Services	68.9	67.2	2.5	68.8	67.1	2.5
Education, Social, & Membership Organizations	57.7	56.0	3.0	58.3	55.6	4.9
Legal & Miscellaneous Services	6.3	6.1	3.3	6.3	6.1	3.3
Engineering, Accounting & Management	24.9	24.6	1.2	24.8	24.4	1.6
Other Repair, Ag. Services, & Museums	10.1	9.2	9.8	9.1	8.3	9.6
<b>Government</b>	<b>194.4</b>	<b>192.0</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>194.3</b>	<b>191.9</b>	<b>1.3</b>
<b>Federal Government</b>	<b>34.0</b>	<b>33.4</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>33.6</b>	<b>33.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>
U.S. Defense	14.2	13.5	5.2	14.2	13.5	5.2
Other Federal	19.8	19.9	-0.5	19.4	19.8	-2.0
<b>State Government</b>	<b>59.2</b>	<b>59.7</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	<b>59.3</b>	<b>59.7</b>	<b>-0.7</b>
State Schools	33.1	32.7	1.2	32.8	32.7	0.3
Other State	26.1	27.0	-3.3	26.5	27.0	-1.9
<b>Local Government</b>	<b>101.2</b>	<b>98.9</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>101.4</b>	<b>98.9</b>	<b>2.5</b>
Local Education	63.0	62.4	1.0	63.0	62.1	1.4
Other Local	38.2	36.3	5.2	38.4	36.8	4.3
<b>Private Sector</b>	<b>873.2</b>	<b>887.6</b>	<b>-1.6</b>	<b>874.0</b>	<b>880.9</b>	<b>-0.8</b>

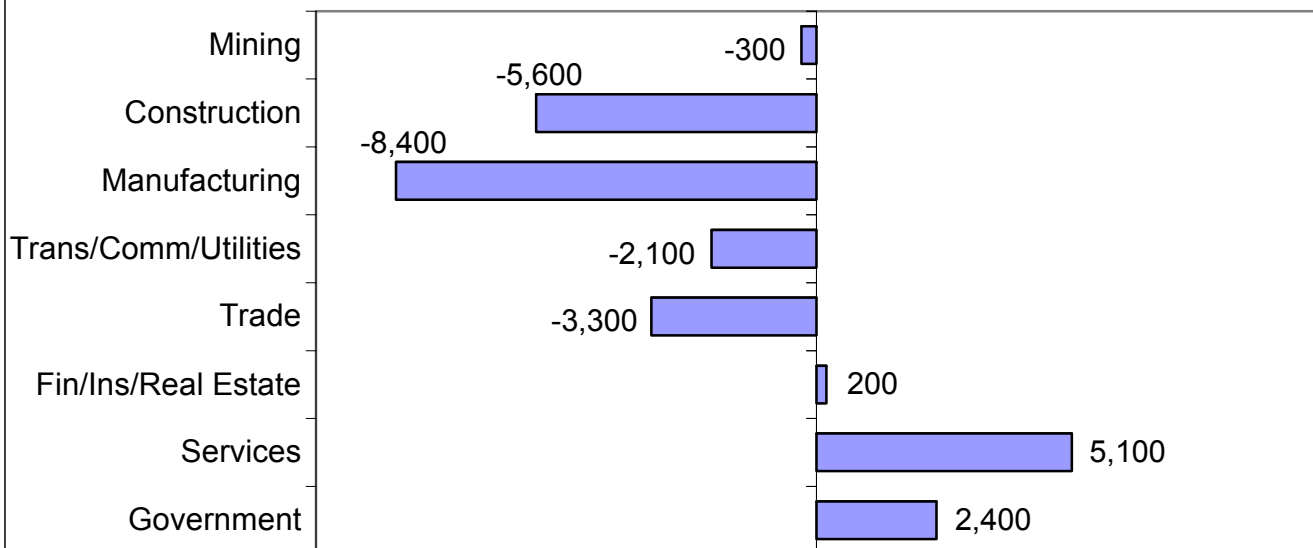
Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Information; 4/22/02.

## Percent Change in Nonfarm Jobs March 2001-2002



Source: Utah DWS

## Nonfarm Employment Changes March 2001-2002



Source: Utah DWS

## HOURS AND EARNINGS - UTAH

### Hours and Earnings for Production and Nonsupervisory Personnel

	Average Hourly Earnings				Average Weekly Hours				Average Weekly Earnings			
	<u>March</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>%</u> <u>Chg.</u>	<u>February</u>	<u>March</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>%</u> <u>Chg.</u>	<u>February</u>	<u>March</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>%</u> <u>Chg.</u>	<u>February</u>
	<u>2002(p)</u>			<u>2002(r)</u>	<u>2002(p)</u>			<u>2002(r)</u>	<u>2002(p)</u>			<u>2002(r)</u>
Mining	\$18.01	\$18.84	-4.4	\$18.86	48.5	43.1	12.5	44.4	\$873.49	\$812.00	7.6	\$837.38
Metal Mining	19.07	18.88	1.0	19.58	46.5	44.7	4.0	43.7	886.76	843.94	5.1	855.65
Manufacturing	14.05	13.86	1.4	13.98	37.8	39.4	-4.1	36.8	531.09	546.08	-2.7	514.46
Durable Goods	14.50	14.40	0.7	14.48	38.8	39.8	-2.5	37.1	562.60	573.12	-1.8	537.21
Primary Metals	22.26	22.28	-0.1	22.70	40.5	43.5	-6.9	38.9	901.53	969.18	-7.0	883.03
Fabricated Metal Prod. & Mach.	14.85	14.64	1.4	15.11	37.9	36.5	3.8	33.5	562.82	534.36	5.3	506.19
Transportation Equipment	17.69	16.49	7.3	17.80	44.9	42.4	5.9	44.0	794.28	699.18	13.6	783.20
Nondurable Goods	12.95	12.61	2.7	12.86	35.6	38.6	-7.8	36.1	461.02	486.75	-5.3	464.25
Food and Kindred Products	12.79	12.28	4.2	12.58	35.0	41.1	-14.8	34.5	447.65	504.71	-11.3	434.01
Trade	11.45	10.83	5.7	11.40	28.7	29.7	-3.4	29.0	328.62	321.65	2.2	330.60
Wholesale	14.72	13.91	5.8	14.29	38.8	40.9	-5.1	39.2	571.14	568.92	0.4	560.17
Retail	10.38	9.77	6.2	10.44	26.5	27.2	-2.6	26.7	275.07	265.74	3.5	278.75
General Merchandise	10.63	9.83	8.1	10.77	29.0	28.2	2.8	29.0	308.27	277.21	11.2	312.33
Food Stores	11.18	11.01	1.5	11.29	28.7	28.5	0.7	29.2	320.87	313.79	2.3	329.67

## HOURS AND EARNINGS - Salt Lake City - Ogden MSA

	Average Hourly Earnings				Average Weekly Hours				Average Weekly Earnings			
	<u>March</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>%</u> <u>Chg.</u>	<u>February</u>	<u>March</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>%</u> <u>Chg.</u>	<u>February</u>	<u>March</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>%</u> <u>Chg.</u>	<u>February</u>
	<u>2002(p)</u>			<u>2002(r)</u>	<u>2002(p)</u>			<u>2002(r)</u>	<u>2002(p)</u>			<u>2002(r)</u>
Mining	\$18.39	\$18.71	-1.7	\$19.30	45.3	42.2	7.3	41.0	\$833.07	\$789.56	5.5	\$791.30
Manufacturing	14.28	13.56	5.3	14.19	36.1	37.8	-4.5	34.6	515.51	512.57	0.6	490.97
Durable Goods	14.26	13.43	6.2	14.17	36.1	37.4	-3.5	34.1	514.79	502.28	2.5	483.20
Nondurable Goods	14.33	13.87	3.3	14.24	35.9	38.6	-7.0	35.9	514.45	535.38	-3.9	511.22
Trade	11.70	11.38	2.8	11.56	29.6	30.3	-2.3	29.6	346.32	344.81	0.4	342.18
Wholesale	14.87	14.56	2.1	14.43	38.9	40.0	-2.8	38.3	578.44	582.40	-0.7	552.67
Retail	10.42	10.08	3.4	10.42	27.1	27.6	-1.8	27.1	282.38	278.21	1.5	282.38

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Information.

**NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY and COMPONENTS OF THE LABOR FORCE  
OF UTAH'S METROPOLITAN AREAS**

	Salt Lake City - Ogden MSA					Provo - Orem MSA				
<u>Numbers are in thousands, not seasonally adjusted.</u>	<u>March</u>		<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Feb.</u>	<u>Jan.</u>	<u>March</u>		<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Feb.</u>	<u>Jan.</u>
	<u>2002(p)</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2001(p)</u>	<u>2001(p)</u>	<u>2002(p)</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2001(p)</u>	<u>2001(p)</u>
<b>Civilian Labor Force</b>	<b>727.2</b>	<b>699.2</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>728.6</b>	<b>724.8</b>	<b>176.2</b>	<b>170.8</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>176.7</b>	<b>174.9</b>
Employed	684.6	671.7	1.9	687.7	688.3	165.0	165.1	-0.1	165.8	165.4
Unemployed	42.6	27.5	54.9	40.9	36.5	11.2	5.7	96.5	10.9	9.5
Unemployment Rate	5.9	3.9	--	5.6	5.0	6.4	3.3	--	6.2	5.4
<b>Total Nonagricultural Employment</b>	<b>709.7</b>	<b>718.9</b>	<b>-1.3</b>	<b>712.3</b>	<b>710.7</b>	<b>151.2</b>	<b>154.4</b>	<b>-2.1</b>	<b>150.8</b>	<b>150.3</b>
Mining	2.3	2.7	-14.8	2.3	2.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Construction	40.4	43.0	-6.0	39.7	40.3	10.1	10.0	1.0	9.8	9.8
Manufacturing	77.1	81.4	-5.3	77.2	77.4	16.8	19.5	-13.8	16.9	16.9
Durable Goods	52.4	55.8	-6.1	52.5	52.7	9.4	11.5	-18.3	9.5	9.4
Non-durable Goods	24.7	25.6	-3.5	24.7	24.7	7.4	8.0	-7.5	7.4	7.5
Trans., Comm., & Utilities	45.7	48.0	-4.8	46.2	46.4	2.5	2.7	-7.4	2.5	2.5
Trade	163.2	166.6	-2.0	162.7	163.7	32.8	33.5	-2.1	32.7	32.7
Wholesale Trade	39.6	40.3	-1.7	39.5	39.5	5.4	5.7	-5.3	5.4	5.4
Retail Trade	123.6	126.3	-2.1	123.2	124.2	27.4	27.8	-1.4	27.3	27.3
Finance, Insur., & Real Estate	49.5	48.8	1.4	49.5	49.4	5.0	4.7	6.4	4.9	5.0
Services	207.6	205.4	1.1	210.6	209.2	61.6	62.4	-1.3	61.7	61.2
Government	123.9	123.0	0.7	124.1	122.0	22.3	21.5	3.7	22.2	22.2
Federal Government	28.0	27.6	1.4	27.9	27.3	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.1
State Government	40.3	40.5	-0.5	40.4	39.5	5.8	5.7	1.8	5.6	5.7
Local Government	55.8	54.9	1.6	55.8	55.2	15.5	14.8	4.7	15.6	15.4
Private Sector	585.8	595.9	-1.7	588.2	588.7	128.9	132.9	-3.0	128.6	128.1

Notes: The Salt Lake City-Ogden Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) is comprised of Salt Lake, Davis, and Weber counties.

The Provo-Orem MSA is Utah County.

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Information, 04/22/02.

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT IN UTAH'S COUNTIES

	<u>March 2002(p)</u>	<u>March 2001</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>February 2002(r)</u>	<u>January 2002(r)</u>
State Total	1,067,500	1,080,623	-1.2	1,068,100	1,064,100
Bear River	60,114	60,669	-2.5	59,602	59,139
Box Elder	16,631	17,329	-4.8	16,536	16,501
Cache	43,037	42,878	-1.5	42,645	42,215
Rich	445	462	-8.5	421	423
Wasatch Front	722,894	732,023	-1.1	725,440	723,818
North	175,982	174,167	-0.8	174,992	172,724
Davis	87,142	84,845	1.7	86,299	86,269
Morgan	1,609	1,574	3.7	1,604	1,633
Weber	87,232	87,748	-3.3	87,089	84,822
South	546,911	557,856	-1.2	550,447	551,095
Salt Lake	535,327	546,375	-1.2	538,912	539,609
Tooele	11,585	11,481	0.0	11,535	11,485
Mountainland	172,814	177,650	-2.7	173,672	172,789
Summit	18,064	17,869	1.3	18,252	18,097
Utah	150,300	155,323	-3.2	151,000	150,300
Wasatch	4,450	4,458	-1.5	4,420	4,392
Central	20,828	21,017	-3.1	20,518	20,361
Juab	2,686	2,582	1.4	2,657	2,618
Millard	3,382	3,434	-2.3	3,383	3,354
Piute	324	271	22.4	331	332
Sanpete	6,533	6,742	-5.0	6,401	6,402
Sevier	6,883	6,978	-3.3	6,804	6,745
Wayne	1,020	1,010	-9.9	942	910
Southwestern	55,757	54,764	-0.8	54,882	54,345
Beaver	1,763	1,823	-5.9	1,730	1,715
Garfield	1,744	1,758	-9.1	1,625	1,598
Iron	13,525	13,816	-1.2	13,538	13,644
Kane	2,716	2,641	-5.4	2,542	2,497
Washington	36,009	34,726	0.5	35,447	34,890
Uintah Basin	15,676	14,937	1.9	15,300	15,217
Daggett	283	330	-22.5	253	256
Duchesne	5,297	4,904	5.9	5,217	5,191
Uintah	10,096	9,703	0.7	9,830	9,770
Southeastern	19,418	19,563	-5.8	18,687	18,431
Carbon	8,795	8,489	1.8	8,711	8,641
Emery	3,138	3,454	-10.0	3,088	3,108
Grand	3,988	3,966	-17.3	3,448	3,281
San Juan	3,497	3,654	-6.9	3,439	3,402
Salt Lake-Ogden MS/	709,700	718,968	-1.1	712,300	710,700

p = preliminary r = revised but not final.

Note: Numbers have been left unrounded for convenience rather than to denote accuracy.

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Information, 04/22/02.



## Utah's Seasonally-Adjusted Unemployment Rates

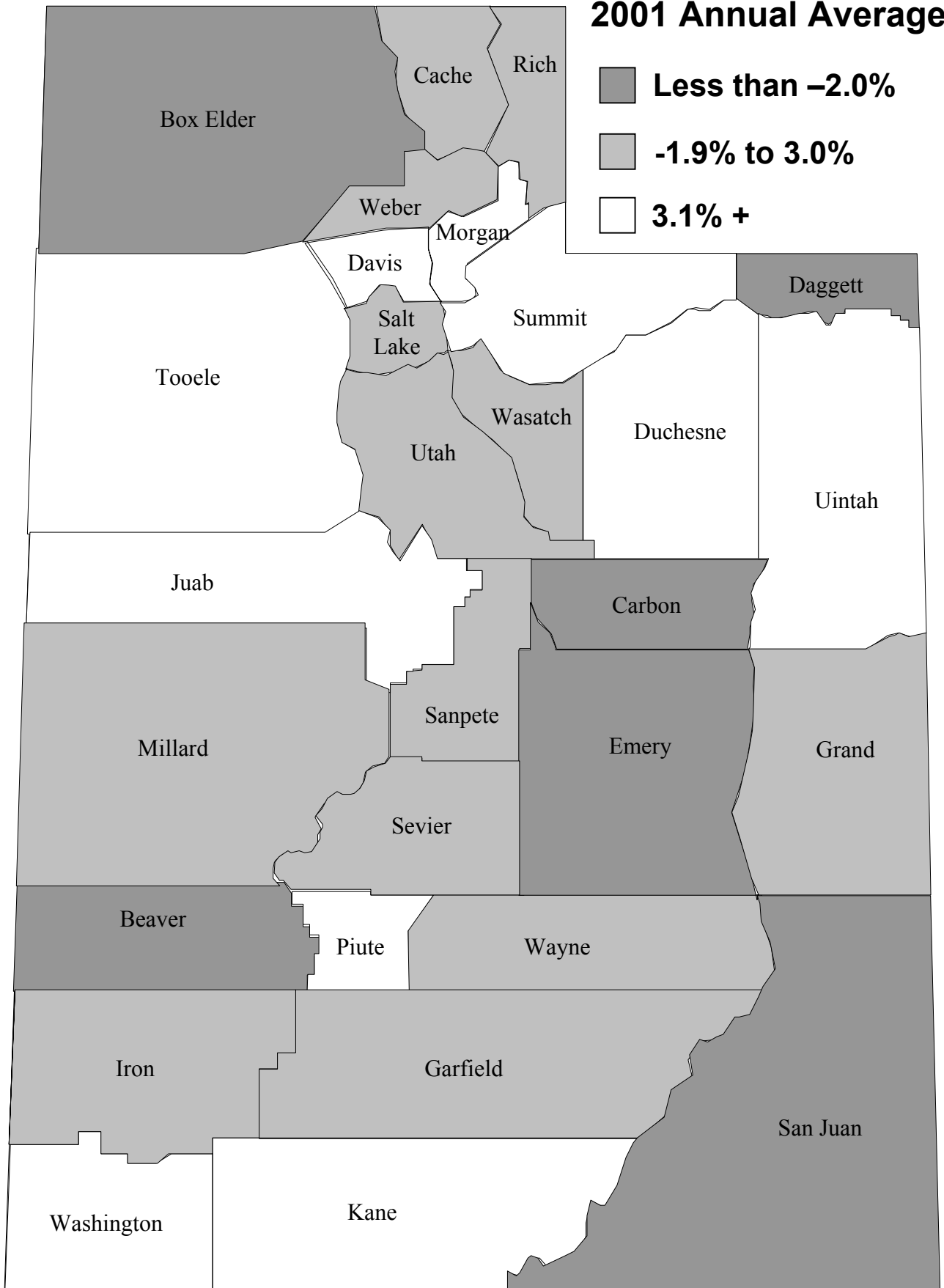
	<u>Mar2002(p)</u>	<u>Feb2002(r)</u>	<u>Jan2002(r)</u>	<u>Mar2001(r)</u>
State Total	5.9	5.5	5.2	4.0
Bear River	5.1	4.9	4.6	3.8
Box Elder	7.3	7.0	6.5	5.6
Cache	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.1
Rich	5.3	5.1	7.8	4.8
Wasatch Front	6.0	5.6	5.1	4.1
North	5.6	5.3	5.1	4.4
Davis	4.8	4.5	4.4	3.7
Morgan	5.0	4.7	4.7	3.5
Weber	6.6	6.3	5.9	5.2
South	6.1	5.7	5.2	3.9
Salt Lake	6.0	5.6	5.1	3.8
Tooele	9.5	9.1	8.7	6.6
Mountainland	6.5	6.1	5.6	3.5
Summit	8.2	6.7	7.4	4.9
Utah	6.3	6.0	5.4	3.3
Wasatch	8.2	8.3	7.3	5.6
Central	7.3	6.6	6.1	5.3
Juab	8.3	8.0	7.2	4.7
Millard	6.0	5.3	5.5	4.4
Piute	7.5	5.3	6.5	7.8
Sanpete	8.9	6.9	6.4	6.0
Sevier	6.0	6.4	5.6	4.5
Wayne	5.6	6.4	6.4	7.6
Southwestern	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.6
Beaver	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.2
Garfield	14.8	11.8	7.9	11.2
Iron	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.9
Kane	4.5	4.1	2.2	6.2
Washington	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.0
Uintah Basin	6.8	6.6	6.0	5.1
Daggett	4.1	5.0	6.1	4.7
Duchesne	7.6	8.1	7.2	6.3
Uintah	6.5	5.9	5.3	4.5
Southeastern	7.8	7.4	7.3	8.4
Carbon	6.3	6.0	5.3	6.3
Emery	9.5	9.7	10.9	9.2
Grand	8.4	6.9	7.1	9.5
San Juan	8.5	9.1	9.0	10.4
Salt Lake-Ogden MSA	5.9	5.5	5.1	4.0
United States	5.7	5.5	5.6	4.3

p=preliminary r=revised

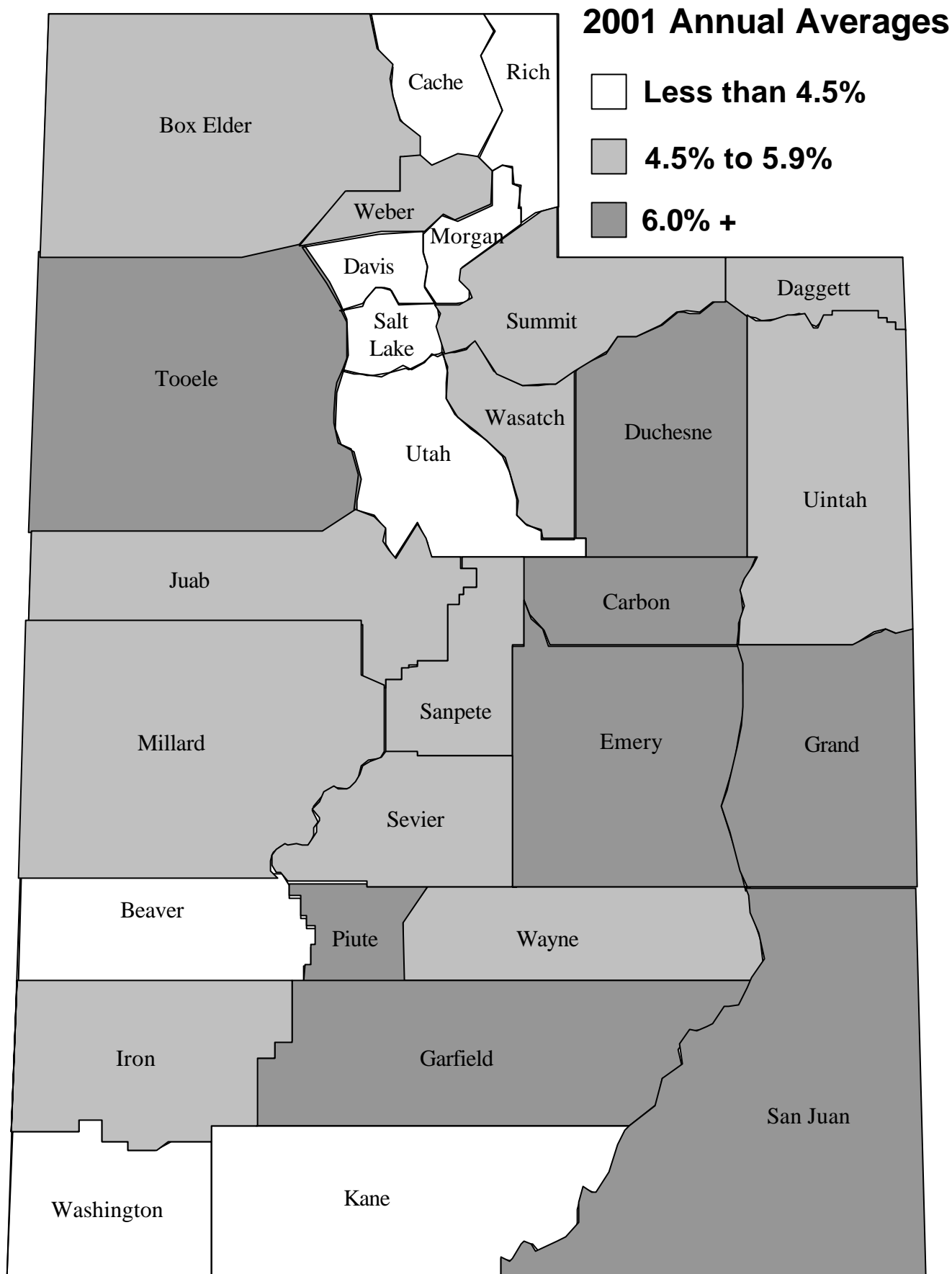
Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Information.

# County Nonfarm Job Growth Rates

**2001 Annual Averages**



# County Unemployment Rates





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## UTAH LABOR MARKET REPORT

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DWS 03-01-0502

## NOTES

(f) - forecast  
(p) - preliminary  
(r) - revised  
Salt Lake - Ogden Metropolitan  
Statistical Area (MSA) -- Salt Lake,  
Davis, and Weber counties.  
Provo-Orem MSA -- Utah County

### MISSION STATEMENT

**The mission of the Utah Department of Workforce Services is to provide quality, accessible, and comprehensive employment-related and supportive services responsive to the needs of the employers, job seekers, and the community.**